

# EU FACT SHEET 2023

## PHYSICAL ASSULTS

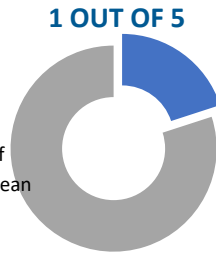
**124**  
ALERTS

**178**  
ATTACKED PERSONS  
RELATED TO MEDIA

### OVERVIEW

In 2023, MapMF documented a total of 602 media freedom violations in European Union Member States.

1 out of 5 of those incidents (20.6%) involved [physical attacks](#), comprising 124 alerts with 178 persons related to media being attacked. Physical attacks included being pushed, [kicked](#), [hit](#), or even attacked with a [knife](#). Physical assaults were not only carried out against journalists and media workers, but also against media [security](#) (3 alerts) and a [family member](#).



### TYPES OF ATTACKS

In 48 cases (38.7%) physical attacks led to [injuries](#). In 1 out of 5 incidents (20.2%), physical attacks were accompanied by verbal assaults like intimidation, threats, insults, and abuse. Journalists even faced [death threats](#) in several cases while being physically attacked.

Physical attacks were also accompanied by attacks against property in 20.2% of the cases. This mainly included equipment, but also a [car being dangerously sabotaged](#) or [office facilities destroyed](#).



### CONTEXTS

Most of the physical attacks happened [during protests](#) or in [public places and on the streets](#), such as journalists being pushed and grabbed by individuals attending far-right and anti-immigration demonstrations, attacked by police officers while reporting on protests and riots, or sexually harassed while live on air. Beside this, several cases (18) happened during [events](#), such as football or basketball games or political conferences.



### PERPETRATORS

Most of the physical assaults were performed by [private individuals](#) (70.2%, 87 alerts). A worrying amount of physical assaults were also perpetrated by [police and state security](#) (24%, 30 alerts). [Private security](#) was responsible for 6 physical attacks.

